



DISPENSER

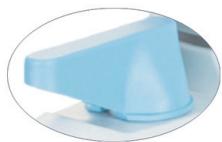
DispensMate-Pro

A great price
for **value & ergonomic option**



SPÉCIFICATIONS

One-piece piston design combined with a glass cylinder for strong chemical resistance, smooth operation and **low resistance ensuring good ergonomics**



Reagent recovery function **reduces waste** and prevents dripping when not in operation

Cap closing for an **optimal end user's protection**

Easy to detach and reposition



Fast, reliable and reproducible volume locking mechanism

With 6 different adapters for reagent bottles of various sizes



Flexible filling tube adapts to reagent bottles of various sizes

← From 170 to 320mm →

Volume range (ml)	Graduation (ml)	Precision (%)	Coefficient of variation (%)	Sales unit	Ref.
0,5-5	0,1	0,5	0,2	1	DSPMPRO5ML
1-10	0,2	0,5	0,2	1	DSPMPRO10ML
2,5-25	0,5	0,5	0,2	1	DSPMPRO25ML
5-50	1	0,5	0,2	1	DSPMPRO50ML
10-100	2	0,5	0,2	1	DSPMPRO100ML

Read the user manual carefully before use and perform related tests if necessary.
Please note that the following resistance chart is a guide and not a manufacturer's commitment

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE TABLE

Chemical product	Chemical resistance level	Chemical product	Chemical resistance level
1,4 Dioxane	B	Butylamine	A
1-butanol	A	Butyle acetate	A
1-decanol	A	Butyric	A
Aallylacetate	A	Calcium carbonate	A
Acetanide	A	Calcium chloride	A
Acetic acid, 100%	A	Calcium hydroxide	A
Acetic acid, 96%	A	Calcium hypochlorite	A
Acetic anhydride	A	Chloroacetaldehyde, 45%	A
Acetone	A	Chloroacetic acid	A
Acetonitrile	A	Chloroacetone	A
Acetophenon	A	Chlorobenzene	A
Acetylacetone	A	Chlorobutane	A
Acetylaldehyde	A	Chloroform	B
Acetylchlorid	A	Chloronaphthalene	A
Acrylic acid	A	Chlorosulfonic acid	B
Acrylnitril	A	Chromic acid, 50%	A
Adipic acid	A	Chromosulfuric acid	A
Allyl alcohol	A	Citric acid	A
Aluminium chloride	A	Cooper sulfate	A
Amino acids	A	Cresol	B
Ammonia, 20%	A	Cumol (Isopropylbenzol)	A
Ammonia, 20-30%	A	Cyclohexan	B
Ammonium	A	Cyclohexanon	A
Ammonium chloride	A	Cyclopentane	B
Ammonium fluoride	A	Decan	A
Ammonium sulfate	A	Dibenzylether	A
Amyl alcohol (pentanol)	A	Dichlorethylen	B
Amyl chlorid	B	Dichloroacetic	B
Aniline	A	Dichlorobenzol	A
Arsenic acid	A	Dichloroethane	A
Ascorbic acid	A	Dichloromethane	A
Barium chloride	A	Diethanolamine	A
Baryum bromide	A	Diethylamine	A
Benzaldehyde	A	Diethylbenzene	A
Benzene	A	Diethylene glycole	A
Benzoyl chloride	A	Diethylether	B
Benzyl alcohol	A	Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)	A
Benzyl chloride	A	Dimethylaniline	A
Benzylamine	A	Dimethyleformamide (DMF)	A
Boric acid,10%	A	Diphenylether	A
Bromhydrique	A	Ethanol	A
Bromine	C	Ethanolamine	A
Bromobenzene	A	Ethylacetate	A
Bromonaphthlene	A	Ethylbenzene	C
Butanediol	A	Ethylene diamine	A
Butanetriol	A	Ethylmethyl keton	A
Butyl methyl ether	A	Fluorine acetic acid	B

A - Good resistance / B - Acceptable compatibility but requires a regular cleaning procedure / C - Not recommended
In accordance with good laboratory practice, it is necessary to rinse the dispenser at the end of each day with distilled water to prevent corrosive liquids do not stay in contact with the parts for too long.

CHEMICAL RESISTANCE TABLE

Chemical product	Chemical resistance level	Chemical product	Chemical resistance level
Fluorure d'ammonium	A	Petroleum ether ,bp 40-70°C	B
Fluorure de cuivre	A	Phenol	A
Formaldehyde, < 40%	A	Phenylethanol	A
Formamide	A	Phenylhydrazine	A
Formic acid	A	Phosphoric acid, <85%	A
Glucose	A	Phosphoric acid, 100%	A
Glycerin	A	Piperidine	A
Glycerol	A	Potassium chloride	A
Glycol	A	Potassium dichromate	A
Glycol popylene	A	Potassium hydroxide	A
Glycol triethylene	A	Potassium permanganate	A
Glycolic acid, < 50%	A	Potassium sulfate	A
Heating oil (diesel oil), bp 250-350 °C	A	Propionic	A
Heptane	A	Pyridine	A
Hexane	A	Pyruvic acid	A
Hexanoic	A	resistance level	
Hexanol	A	resistance level	
Hydrochloric acid, 20%	A	resistance level	
Hydrogen peroxide ,≤35%	A	Salicylaldehyde	A
Hydroiodic acid <57%	A	Scintillation cocktail	A
Isoamylalcohol	A	Silver acetate	A
Isobutanol	A	Silver nitrate	A
Isooctane	A	Sodium acetate	A
Isopropanol	A	Sodium chloride	A
Isopropylether	A	Sodium dichromate	A
Lactic acid	A	Sodium hydroxide, 30%	A
Methanol	A	Sodium hypochlorite	A
Methoxybenzene	A	Sulfuric acid, 98%	A
Methyl benzoate	A	Tartaric acid	A
Methyl formate	A	Tetrachlorkoh Lenstoff	A
Methyl propyl ketone	A	Tetrachloroethylene	B
Methylene chloride	B	Tetrahydrofurane (THF)	B
Mineral oil (engine oil)	A	Tetramethyl ammonium hydroxide	A
n-amyl acetate	A	Toluene	B
Nitric acid	A	Trichloroacetic acid	B
Nitric acid, 30-70%	C	Trichlorobenzene	B
Nitrobenzol	A	Trichloroethane	B
N-pentane	C	Trichloroethylene	B
Octane	A	Trichlorotrifluor ethane	B
Oil (vegetable, animal)	A	Triethanolamine	A
Oleic acid	A	Triethylamine	A
Oxalic acid	A	Trifluorethane	B
Peracetic acid	C	Urea	A
Perchloric acid	A	Xylene	B
Perchloroethylene	C	Zinc chloride, <10%	A
Petroleum bp 180-220°C	B	Zinc sulfate, <10%	A

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